

## 1. Company Information

### 1a. Company Name

### 1b. How many employees does your organization have?

### 1c. Which cloud infrastructure platforms<sup>1</sup> do you leverage?

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY

Microsoft Azure

Amazon AWS

Google Cloud Platform

No cloud infrastructure platform

Other cloud infrastructure platform

### 1d. How do you manage your IT and security infrastructure?

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY | LIST ALL APPLICABLE VENDORS

Internal IT team

Internal security team

Managed Service Provider (MSP)

Managed Security Service Provider (MSSP)

Managed Detection and Response (MDR)

No dedicated IT team

No dedicated security team

Other

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<sup>1</sup> Cloud infrastructure platforms refers to leveraging a third party provider to host servers, services, or applications in a cloud environment. This does not include Software as a Service (SaaS) platforms like email or other business productivity tools.

## 2. Email Security

2a. Do you enforce Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) for access to emails for all employees?

Yes      No

2b. What email security solution (vendor) do you use?

2c. Which of the following features are enabled in the email security solution?

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY

Spam and phishing protection

User impersonation protection

Attachment sandboxing

URL sandboxing

Blocking executable file attachment extensions (e.g. .exe, .bat, .vbs)

Blocking macro enabled Microsoft Office documents

2d. How often do you conduct phishing training?

Ad-hoc      Quarterly      Semi-Annually      Annually      Never

## 3. Data Backup & Recovery

3a. Which systems are included in your backup strategy?

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY

Business critical systems

All servers

All workstations

SaaS applications

No systems

Other systems

3b. How frequently do you back up systems and data?

Continuously      Daily      Weekly      Monthly      Never

Other frequency

**3c. Which solutions are a part of your backup strategy?**

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY | LIST ALL APPLICABLE VENDORS

- On-site backup software (e.g. Veeam, Dell, Commvault)
- Off-site backup (e.g. tape, AWS S3, Azure Blob storage)
- Backup as a Service (e.g. Veeam Cloud Connect, Druva, Acronis)
- No solutions
- Other solutions

**3d. How are local backups protected against deletion or corruption?**

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY

- MFA required for access to the backup management interface
- MFA required for access to backup files (on-premise and cloud)
- Backup servers are not joined to a Windows domain
- Backup servers and user accounts leverage unique credentials
- Backup servers are segmented from the rest of the network
- Backup solution with immutable backups
- Copy of backups are kept offline or air-gapped
- No protection
- Other controls

**3e. Do you have a Business Continuity Plan (BCP) or Disaster Recovery Plan (DRP) in place?**

Yes      No

**3f. How frequently do you test the integrity of your backups and your disaster recovery plan?**

Monthly      Quarterly      Bi-annually      Annually      Untested

Other frequency

## 4. Privileged Account Management

### 4a. How are privileged accounts<sup>2</sup> secured and managed?

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY

Administrative users use different accounts for administrative use and non-administrative use  
(e.g. day to day activities)

Standard users do not have administrative rights to their workstations

Local administrator accounts are unique and complex on all systems

A password management vault is used to manage privileged accounts

MFA required for internal use of privileged accounts (e.g. when used for internal RDP connections)

No controls

Other controls

## 5. Endpoint & Network Security

### 5a. What remote access is present that allows for users to connect into the environment while outside of the office?

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY | LIST ALL APPLICABLE VENDORS

Remote Desktop (RDP)

Citrix

Virtual Private Network (VPN)

Remote access software (e.g. LogMeIn)

No remote access

Other remote access

### 5b. Do you enforce Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) to secure all remote access to your network?

Yes      No

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<sup>2</sup> Privileged accounts refer to accounts that have administrator permissions on systems or applications. This commonly includes local administrator, domain administrator, and service accounts.

**5c. What Endpoint Security Technology do you have in place?**

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY

**Standard Anti-virus**

- McAfee MVISION Endpoint Security
- Symantec Endpoint Security
- Webroot Endpoint Protection
- Malwarebytes
- Microsoft Defender (*standard built-in anti-virus*)
- No standard anti-virus
- Other standard anti-virus

**Next-Gen Anti-virus**

- Cylance
- CrowdStrike Falcon Protect
- SentinelOne Singularity Core
- Sophos Intercept X Advanced
- No next-gen anti-virus
- Other next-gen anti-virus

**Endpoint Detection & Response**

- CrowdStrike Falcon Insight
- SentinelOne Singularity Complete
- Sophos Intercept X Advanced with XDR
- FireEye Endpoint Security
- Microsoft Defender for Endpoint
- VMware Carbon Black Endpoint
- No endpoint detection
- Other endpoint detection

**Other endpoint security technology**

## 5d. What Network Security Technology is in place?

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY | LIST ALL APPLICABLE VENDORS

- Traditional Firewall
- Next-Gen Firewall
- Intrusion Detection / Prevention System (*IDS/IPS*)
- Secure web gateway / Web proxy / network filtering
- Protective DNS
- CASB / SASE
- No network security
- Other network security

## 6. Data Security

### 6a. Where does sensitive data reside in the environment<sup>3</sup>?

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY | LIST ALL APPLICABLE VENDORS

- Mobile devices
- User workstations
- On-premise servers
- Cloud Platform (*AWS, Azure, GCP*)
- SaaS Providers (*HR systems, Payroll, etc.*)
- No sensitive data
- Other

### 6b. What security controls are in place to protect against unauthorized access to sensitive and confidential data?

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY

- Role-based access control leveraging the principle of least privilege
- Network segmentation of servers containing sensitive data
- MFA required for all user access
- Logging and monitoring
- No security controls
- Other security controls

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3 This applies to areas where sensitive data is centrally located or has a high likelihood of being stored during the normal course of business (e.g. if users download sensitive data to their local systems).

**6c. How is sensitive data encrypted across systems and devices?**

CHECK ALL THAT APPLY

Full disk encryption (*e.g. laptops*)Mobile device encryption (*e.g. cell phones*)

File level encryption

Data in-transit

No encryption

Other encryption methods

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Print Name

Signature

Date